# Four Discoveries from Studying Juvenile Yukon River Chinook Salmon

YRDFA Board Meeting February 13-14, 2018 Dr. Katie Howard, ADF&G Fisheries Scientist Jim Murphy, NOAA-AFSC Fishery Research Biologist











Fry rear in river 1 year (Sometimes 0 or 2 years)



#### Immatures (0-4 year)

Eggs incubate 1 year

Fry rear in river 1 year (Sometimes 0 or 2 years)



### Mature & return to Yukon

Immatures (0-4 year)







#### Juvenile Salmon Survey

Northern Bering Sea Focus on Chinook

2 year olds •

Range

- Survived first summer in • ocean
  - Caught before migrate into Bering Sea basin/ shelf where spend rest of marine life





1. Most of what determines good or bad productivity occurs early in life before the fish's first winter at sea

## First Year in Ocean is a Critical Time

2. Early life growth may be important to how old fish are when they return to the river as adults





#### Spawner Abundance



3. More 2 year old juveniles in the ocean = more adults return to the river in the future

Juvenile Abundance (Little kids)

First Year in Ocean is a Critical Time

#### Spawner Abundance



4. Can use juvenile Chinook abundance to predict adult run size up to 3 years in the future

Juvenile Abundance (Little kids)

First Year in Ocean is a Critical Time

Survival Rates of Yukon Chinook from Juvenile to Adult How Many Juvenile Chinook from Yukon River (Genetics)

Ages Yukon Chinook Mature Numbers of Juvenile Chinook

> Run Size Forecasts Next 3 Years



2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017

**Juvenile Year** 

### Canadian Yukon Chinook

200



Year

### All Yukon Chinook (Scaled to Pilot Station Sonar Counts)

400





# Thank you

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Food



Chinook that grow very *slowly* in freshwater tend to stay an extra year before leaving the river

ullet

 Presence of FW2 fish has to do with freshwater conditions (likely temperature)