2024 Yukon River Chinook Salmon Radio Telemetry - Program Update

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Presented by Josh Clark Contributions by Adam O'Dell (DFO-Whitehorse) and Elizabeth MacDonald (CYFN-Whitehorse)





Objective (Alaska)

Determine the proportion of Canadian-origin Chinook salmon tagged near the mouth of the Yukon River that fail to reach U.S./Canada border due to suspected natural enroute mortality.

Specific research topics that will be addressed during this study:

- Describe where suspected natural enroute mortality occurs along the Yukon River mainstem.
- Evaluate differences in the proportion of fish that likely died enroute by stock of origin, age, sex, and size.
- Evaluate the potential correlations between suspected enroute mortality and potential biological and environmental stressors (e.g., disease, river discharge, water temperature, etc.)

Methods for Tagging & Tracking 2023 – 2025

- Tagging operations are planned for three years 2023 2025, from early June through early July annually.
- Up to 500 tags will be deployed annually in the lower Yukon River mainstem near Emmonak.
- Genetic methods are being used to assign tagged fish to the Lower, Middle, or Canada stock group using individual assignment methods and the 2020 updated genetic baseline (R&E funded project URE 163-19).
- A combination of ground-based tracking stations and aerial surveys are being used to monitor the upriver migration and survival of each fish.
 - Typical tracking station and _____ aerial setup



Tagging Methods

- Fish are being tagged in the Yukon River delta near Emmonak.
- Multiple tagging crews are being used to distribute tags between the South Mouth (Big Eddy) and Middle Mouth sites. Effort is being distributed according to run strength in each location.
- Proven safe fish handling methods are being used to ensure the health of each fish.
- Identification of each fish is made by uniquely coded esophageal radio tags and external spaghetti tags.
- Age, sex, length, and genetic tissue samples are also collected from each fish.







Tracking Locations



2023 Summary – Canadian Chinook

Location	Number of Tags
Total Tags Deployed	47
Migrating Canadian Origin Tagged	33
Recovered Canadian Origin Tagged	2
Tracking Locations	Remaining Percentage of Canadian Fish
Pilot Station	94%
Raven Ridge (near Rapids)	91%
Porcupine River	3% (of total Canadian tagged)
Circle	73%
Eagle	67%
Dawson, YT	64%

Collaboration



- En-route natural mortality has been identified as a bilateral management concern within both countries and this effort is part of a multi project approach to investigate what may be happening to these fish.
- ADF&G will share tag frequencies and codes along with any other pertinent information with DFO and First Nation partners in Canada.
- The JTC facilitated a planning meeting between ADF&G, DFO and Yukon First Nations to develop strategies for collaboration between parties to track fish as they move upriver.



Credits: State of Alaska, Esri, TomTom Garmin, FAO, NOAA, USGS, EPA, USFWS, Esri, USGS

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Objective (Canada)

Describe natural enroute mortality of tagged Chinook salmon in Canada

Specific research topics of interest:

- Location of suspected mortality within Canada.
- Evaluate differences in the proportion of fish that likely died enroute by stock of origin, age, sex, and size.
- Evaluate potential correlation between suspected enroute mortality and biological and environmental factors.

Supplemental inquiries:

- Better understand current Chinook salmon distribution in Canada.
- Verify Chinook salmon genetic baseline and reporting units.

Stationary Towers

- Up to 12 stationary groundbased towers (black dots)
 - Located on Yukon River or main tributaries
 - Current location are preliminary
- Installed in late June and data recovered in late September
 - No real-time data
- Yukon First Nations (white dots)
 - Seven stationary groundbased towers



Aerial Surveys

- Conduct up to 14 flights
 - Supplement stationary tower locations to improve upriver coverage
 - Better detect tag-emitted mortality signals
 - 2 flights on YR, Porcupine and Pelly rivers
 - Opportunistic surveys
 - Initial flights occurring early to midaugust
 - Secondary flights early to mid September
- Yukon First Nations aerial surveys



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